These exercises use data from a study of mathematics skill levels in students within classrooms within schools. The data are available in a comma-separated value (csv) file as

http://www-personal.umich.edu/~bwest/classroom.csv

- 1. Start R and create a data frame called classroom using the read.csv function with the (quoted) file name as the first and only argument. Notice that you can do this in two ways: either read directly from the web site by giving the quoted URL as the argument or first download the file then enter the file name. Try it both ways. Remember that file.choose() brings up a chooser panel to help you navigate to the file name.
- 2. Check the structure of the data frame using str(classroom). Are any of the variables in the data frame stored as factors? Should any of these variables be stored as factors? The first few lines should look like

```
> str(classroom)
'data.frame': 1190 obs. of 12 variables:
$ sex : int 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 ...
$ minority: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ mathkind: int 448 460 511 449 425 450 452 443 422 480 ...
$ mathgain: int 32 109 56 83 53 65 51 66 88 -7 ...
```

3. Check the summary of this data frame. Is the summary of the sex variable meaningful? It happens that the coding for sex is

0 Male

1 Female

Convert this variable to a factor with labels "M" and "F". Check the summary for this variable after conversion. You can either ask for a summary of the whole data frame again or for a summary of this variable only using

> summary(classroom\$sex)
M F
588 602

4. Convert the minority variable to a factor with levels "N" and "Y". Convert the childid, classid and schoolid variables to factors (it is easiest to retain the numeric values for the levels). Check str and the summary again. The summary of the factor variables should be like

```
> summary(subset(classroom, select = c(sex, minority, childid,
       classid, schoolid)))
+
                                                           schoolid
          minority
                        childid
 sex
                                         classid
          N:384
                                      26
M:588
                    1
                             :
                                 1
                                              :
                                                 10
                                                       11
                                                               •
                                                                   31
 F:602
          Y:806
                    2
                                      42
                                                 10
                                                       12
                                                                   27
                             :
                                 1
                                              :
                    3
                             :
                                 1
                                      13
                                              :
                                                  9
                                                       71
                                                               :
                                                                   27
                    4
                                 1
                                                  9
                                                       76
                                                                   27
                             :
                                      189
                                              :
                                                               :
                                                  9
                    5
                                 1
                                      205
                                                       77
                                                                   24
                             :
                                              :
                                                               :
                                 1
                                                  9
                    6
                                      253
                                              :
                                                       31
                                                                   22
                             :
                                                               :
                     (Other):1184
                                      (Other):1134
                                                       (Other):1032
```

5. Save the modified data frame as a file named "classroom.rda". Remove the data frame. Load the file and check that the classroom data frame has the expected structure.

> str(classroom)

```
'data.frame':
                    1190 obs. of 12 variables:
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "M", "F": 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 ...
$ sex
$ minority: Factor w/ 2 levels "N", "Y": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
$ mathkind: int 448 460 511 449 425 450 452 443 422 480 ...
                 32 109 56 83 53 65 51 66 88 -7 ...
$ mathgain: int
          : num 0.46 -0.27 -0.03 -0.38 -0.03 0.76 -0.03 0.2 0.64 0.13 ...
$ ses
$ yearstea: num 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
$ mathknow: num NA NA NA -0.11 -0.11 -0.11 -0.11 -0.11 -0.11 -0.11 ...
$ housepov: num 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 0.082 ...
$ mathprep: num 2 2 2 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 ...
$ classid : Factor w/ 312 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 160 160 160 217 217 217 217 217 2
$ schoolid: Factor w/ 107 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ childid : Factor w/ 1190 levels "1", "2", "3", "4", ...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
```

If you finish early you could also consider these questions.

- 1. I claim that the childid variable serves no purpose because it is the same as the row number. Check this.
- 2. You can remove a variable from a data frame by assigning it the special value NULL. Try this

```
> classroom$childid <- NULL
> names(classroom)
[1] "sex" "minority" "mathkind" "mathgain" "ses" "yearstea"
[7] "mathknow" "housepov" "mathprep" "classid" "schoolid"
```

- 3. The variable housepov should be associated with the schoolid factor. Check that there is only one value of housepov for each school.
- 4. The variables yearstea, mathknow, mathprep and schoolid should be a property of the classid. Check that they are.
- 5. Create two new data frames, school and class, containing one row for each level of schoolid (resp. one row for each level of classid) and the corresponding variable(s) that are associated with the school or class.
- 6. Look up the documentation of the merge function and see if you can merge the two data frames you created in the previous question into one frame that contains all the variables associated with the class plus the housepov associated with the class.